

试卷代号:2159

中央广播电视大学 2004—2005 学年度第一学期“开放专科”期末考试

英语专业 综合英语(2) 试题

2005 年 1 月

注 意 事 项

一、将你的学号、姓名及分校(工作站)名称填写在答题纸的规定栏内。考试结束后,把试卷和答题纸放在桌上。试卷和答题纸均不得带出考场。

二、仔细阅读题目的说明,并按题目要求答题。答案一定要写在答题纸指定的位置上,写在试卷上的答案无效。

三、用蓝、黑圆珠笔或钢笔答题,使用铅笔答题无效。

I. Directions: (Vocabulary)

Beneath each of the following sentences, there are four choices marked A, B, C and D. Choose the one that best completes the sentence. Mark your answer on the ANSWER SHEET. (10 points)

Example: The homeless couple \_\_\_\_\_ at last in finding a flat to rent.

- A managed B did C finished D succeeded

The sentence should read, "The homeless couple succeeded at last in finding a flat to rent."

Therefore you should choose D.

1. Oscar Wilde said that the English had everything \_\_\_\_\_ the Americans except language.

- A. with common in  
B. in common with  
C. common in with  
D. common within

2. Last night I was \_\_\_\_\_ by a loud crash in the kitchen.

- A. waked  
B. awoke  
C. awakened  
D. wakened

3. I do want to exercise more, but I haven't got enough \_\_\_\_\_ to go running right now.

- A. occasion  
B. chance  
C. status  
D. energy

4. Well, Sue said they might \_\_\_\_\_ lunch on the way to the airport.

- A. apply to  
B. stop for  
C. take in  
D. stop with

5. My phone was \_\_\_\_\_ I didn't realize it until this morning.

- A. out order
- B. in order
- C. for order
- D. out of order

6. I know I met you in front of the theater last night, but something happened at the \_\_\_\_\_ moment.

- A. last
- B. first
- C. next
- D. near

7. That person was supposed to get in touch \_\_\_\_\_ him again, but he haven't heard \_\_\_\_\_ her since then.

- A. for; from
- B. with; for
- C. with; from
- D. by; for

8. I told him that you had a(n) \_\_\_\_\_ that you couldn't be late for.

- A. arrival
- B. appointment
- C. explanation
- D. application

9. You should build a(n) \_\_\_\_\_ effective and supportive relationship with your boss.

- A. lately
- B. usually
- C. specially
- D. especially

10. Sometimes at work I feel like screaming, yet I always try to \_\_\_\_\_ a happy face.

- A. carry over
- B. feel like
- C. put on
- D. work at

**I. Directions: (Structure)**

**Beneath each of the following sentences, there are four choices marked A, B, C and D. Choose the one that best completes the sentence. Mark your answer on the ANSWER SHEET. (10 points)**

Example: \_\_\_\_\_ the airport, they waved again and again to us.

- A We left
- B When leaving
- C They left
- D Left

The sentence should read, "When leaving the airport, they waved again and again to us." Therefore you should choose B.

11. It is one of the most useful courses I \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. took for ever
- B. have ever taken
- C. have taken ever
- D. ever took

12. You haven't been to any of the exhibitions we hold these days, \_\_\_\_\_?

- A. don't you
- B. didn't you
- C. did you
- D. have you

13. I know a couple \_\_\_\_\_ son is visiting Shanghai next week.

- A. who
- B. whose
- C. as
- D. that

14. Susan kept working on her project \_\_\_\_\_ her classmates talked about her behind her back.
- A. no matter what  
B. no matter whom  
C. no matter who  
D. no matter that
15. — I'd like to make an appointment for a haircut with Richard.  
— Richard is busy every morning this week \_\_\_\_\_ Thursday.
- A. but for  
B. expect  
C. except  
D. respect
16. I would give a big contribution to AIDS research and other charities if I \_\_\_\_\_ all the time in the world.
- A. would have  
B. have  
C. will have  
D. had
17. The teacher asked the students \_\_\_\_\_ around, but they \_\_\_\_\_ on.
- A. to stop running; playing  
B. stop to run; played  
C. to stop running; played  
D. to stop to run; playing
18. She'd like to \_\_\_\_\_ you \_\_\_\_\_ a photograph with them.
- A. have; taking  
B. have; take  
C. having; to take  
D. having; take

19. He \_\_\_\_\_ up the stairs while I \_\_\_\_\_ to my teacher on the phone.

- A. started; was talking  
B. starts; talked  
C. was starting; was talking  
D. started; talked

20. \_\_\_\_\_ has been accepted that smoking in public places is not respectable.

- A. What  
B. That  
C. It  
D. Which

III. Directions:

Choose A, B or C to complete each conversation, using the sentences below. Mark your answer on the ANSWER SHEET. (10 points)

Example: — Oh, look. Joni Mitchell is in town.

- \_\_\_\_\_.
- What? She's one of the greatest folk singers in the world!
- A. Who's that? I've never heard of her.  
B. Sure, I'm in town.  
C. Yes, I'm glad she's coming.

Answer A is correct because the conversation should read,

- “— Oh, look. Joni Mitchell is in town.  
— Who's that? I've never heard of her.  
— What's that? She's one of the greatest folk singers in the world!”

21. — Last night I was awakened by a loud crash in the kitchen.

- \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. Weren't you very hungry then?  
B. I like some information about this washing machine.  
C. You must have been scared to death.

22. — How was the surprise birthday party for Joe?

- A. He must not have had enough money this week.
- B. It was fun, but he didn't look surprised at all.
- C. I am sorry. I am very late.

23. — Did you tell him I had to be back by three thirty?

- A. Yes, I told him that you had an appointment that you couldn't be late for.
- B. He may not have understood your directions.
- C. I'm sure there is a logical explanation for all this.

24. — I'm looking for a gift for my sister-in-law, but I'm not sure what to get her.

- A. Well, that blue one is very expensive.
  - B. Do you know if she has any hobbies?
  - C. I don't like going for a walk now.
25. — I wish you didn't have to travel so much. You're gone more often than you're home.

26. — I still can't get over the burglary at the Kim's house.

- A. From what you've told me, it must have happened sometime last night.
- B. Come on. Wouldn't you like to get rich overnight?
- C. It was so interesting that I didn't go to the movie.

(2159 号)综合英语(2)试题第 6 页(共 14 页)

27. — I don't have enough energy to stand up, let alone go to another museum.

- A. The restaurants don't open till nine, but we could find a café.
- B. Well, I thought you'd be excited about the experiment.
- C. Is it far? I don't think I can walk much more, either.

28. — Well, maybe if I turn left here, I can go back down the next street.

- A. No, I didn't come to work here today.
- B. I can walk to the movie theater from here.
- C. You are not supposed to do that during rush hour.

29. — Hi, Dan. I'm calling to ask if you want me to pick you up for the party tomorrow night.

- A. I'd love to, but forget about the restaurant!
- B. You'd better not count on me for the party. I just have too many exams to correct.
- C. Not too good. Aren't you doing anything on Saturday?

30. — I'm afraid your flight has been delayed due to bad weather.

- A. Oh, no! When will it take off?
- B. If I were you, I'd take some time off.
- C. Let me see. I haven't been doing much of anything.

#### IV. Directions:

For each numbered blank in the following passage, there are four choices marked A, B, C and D. Choose the best one and mark your answer on the ANSWER SHEET. (10 points)

Many teachers believe that the responsibilities for learning lie with the student. 31 a long reading assignment is given, instructors expect students to be familiar with the (2159 号)综合英语(2)试题第 7 页(共 14 页)

information in the reading even if they don't discuss it in class or take an exam. The 32 student is considered to be one who is 33 to learn for the sake of learning, not the one interested only in getting high grades. Sometimes homework is returned 34 brief written comments but without a grade. Even if a grade is not given, the student is responsible for learning the material assigned. When research is 35, the professor expects the student to take it actively and to complete it with minimum guidance. It is the student's responsibility to find books, magazines, and articles in the library. Professors do not have the time to explain 36 a university library works; they expect students, 37 graduate students, to be able to exhaust the reference sections in the library. Professors will help students who need it, but 38 that their students should not be too dependent on them. In the United States, professors have many other duties besides teaching, such as administrative or research work. 39, the time that a professor can spend with a student outside of class is limited. If a student has problems with classroom work, the student should either 40 a professor during office hour or make an appointment.

31. A. If B. Although C. Because D. Since  
 32. A. poor B. ideal C. average D. disappointed  
 33. A. motivated B. neglected C. reluctant D. refused  
 34. A. by B. in C. for D. with  
 35. A. collected B. distributed C. assigned D. finished  
 36. A. when B. why C. what D. how  
 37. A. particularly B. essentially C. obviously D. rarely  
 38. A. hate B. dislike C. like D. prefer  
 39. A. However B. Therefore C. Furthermore D. Nevertheless  
 40. A. greet B. annoy C. approach D. attach

V. Directions:

Each of the passages below is followed by some questions. For each question there are four answers marked A, B, C and D. Read the passages carefully and choose the best answer to each of the questions. Mark your answer on the ANSWER SHEET. (20 points)  
 Questions 41~45 are based on the following passage.

Childhood was an illusion (幻觉) and the illusion was this: everything was bigger. No, I mean everything, not just houses and shops and grown-ups, but colors and flowers and journeys, especially journeys which seemed endless. Are we there yet, Daddy?

Funfairs (儿童游乐场) were huge things that spread for miles around you with noise and lights and exciting danger. Rainy days at home when you were ill seemed to last for ever. Being an adult yourself was an unthinkable distant possibility. Every sound was louder, every game was grander, every pain unbearable.

As I've grown old, life has become smaller. Flavors have dulled. Surprises have turned into shocks. Days are boring. How can I recapture childhood when it was an illusion?

I have only one precious way and even in this way I can regain only the echoes of that larger world. I can play upon the stage like a child, make the crowd laugh and laugh with them, sometimes helplessly like a child, and then, even though I'm a sixty-one-year-old, I can almost catch the colors and sounds and silliness of those bigger years when I was little.

41. When the speaker says that childhood was an illusion, he means that \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. the illusion made houses, shops and grown-ups bigger  
 B. children had a wrong idea about houses, shops and grown-ups  
 C. everything, such as colors, flowers and journeys, seemed to be more wonderful to a child  
 D. colors, flowers and journeys were very strange to children
42. To the speaker, funfairs were very big things that \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. spread too far  
 B. were very dangerous  
 C. were noisy and exciting  
 D. were hard to understand

shopping bag on the floor beside her feet. She then began to read the newspaper. When the bus arrived at her bus stop she got off the bus and walked for about two minutes. Suddenly she remembered she left the shopping bag on the bus.

46. Where does Mrs. Smith live? In \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. a condominium in Duncan
  - B. a condominium in Victoria
  - C. a house in Duncan
  - D. a house in Victoria

47. Why is Mrs. Smith upset? Because \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. her sister came to see her cat
  - B. her cat died
  - C. Mrs. Wilson was sad
  - D. she couldn't find a place to bury her cat

48. What did Mrs. Wilson do? \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. She took the cat with her on the bus.
  - B. She put her gloves in the shopping bag.
  - C. She prepared dinner for her sister.
  - D. She cried together with her sister

49. What time did Mrs. Wilson leave for home? \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. When the bus arrived.
  - B. At 5 p. m.
  - C. After she walked for two minutes.
  - D. When she bought the newspaper.

50. What did Mrs. Wilson forget? \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. The newspaper.
  - B. Her handbag.
  - C. The shopping bag.
  - D. Her hat and coat.

43. When the speaker was a child, he thought that \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. being adult was something in the distant place
- B. being a adult was something too distant to be real
- C. it was not good to grow up
- D. it was not easy for a child to bear pain

44. From the passage it can probably be inferred that the speaker is \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. a sick old man
- B. a theatergoer
- C. an actor entertaining the audience
- D. a man helpless among the crowd

45. The topic of the passage is: \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. fun at funfairs
- B. happy days in childhood
- C. man's illusion
- D. childhood as an illusion

**Questions 46~50 are based on the following passage.**

Mrs. Wilson and Mrs. Smith are sisters. Mrs. Wilson lives in a house in Duncan and Mrs. Smith lives in a condominium in Victoria. One day Mrs. Wilson visited her sister. When her sister answered the door, Mrs. Wilson saw tears in her eyes. "What's the matter?" she asked. Mrs. Smith said, "My cat Sammy died last night and I have no place to bury him".

She began to cry again. Mrs. Wilson was very sad because she knew her sister loved the cat very much. Suddenly Mrs. Wilson said, "I can bury your cat in my garden in Duncan and you can come and visit him sometimes". Mrs. Smith stopped crying and the two sisters had tea together and a nice visit.

It was now five o'clock and Mrs. Wilson said it was time for her to go home. She put on her hat, coat and gloves and Mrs. Smith put the dead Sammy into a shopping bag. Mrs. Wilson took the shopping bag and walked to the bus stop. She waited a long time for the bus so she bought a newspaper. When the bus arrived she got on the bus, sat down and put the

**V. Directions:**

Read the two columns of sentences. Choose one sentence from the right column to match each of the sentences in the left column. The two sentences will make up a dialogue. There are four more sentences than needed in the right column. Each sentence can only be used once. Write your answer on the ANSWER SHEET. (15 points)

51. I wish Peggy would slow down. She's pushing herself too hard.	A. No, this is really making me nervous.
52. Do you know that she's still washing all the dishes herself?	B. There's a bank right across the street.
53. Hey, Don. Have you heard from Melamic recently?	C. Oh, well. I always feel a little down during the holidays.
54. Do you happen to know if there's a library anywhere around here?	D. Well...I'd rather you didn't. I've got a bad cold.
55. I really appreciate your coming with me. I always have so much trouble picking out gifts.	E. I've been fixing up my apartment, you know, a lot of painting.
56. We have to find a place to change our money.	F. I'm thinking of getting a second job. I really want to move to a bigger department.
57. How is that nice family that lives next door to you?	G. You mean my neighbor on the left side?
58. What's the matter, Lee? You look kind of depressed.	H. The subway stalled between stations. I had to wait it out.
59. If I have a chance, I'll paint the bedroom this weekend.	I. I thought she was supposed to get somebody to do the dishes.
60. So what have you been doing lately?	J. I'm sure we are not out of them.
	K. Yes, there is. There's a wonderful one around the corner.
	L. That would be an excellent idea. It will look much better.
	M. Well, take your time. Look around and you'll get inspired.
	N. That's what I told her the other day.

**VI. Directions:**

Read the passage with five questions or incomplete statements. Write your answer on the ANSWER SHEET. (10 points)

Has a doctor ever given you a note to take to the chemist for some medicine? Were you able to read the note easily? Some doctors write clearly but most doctors do not. They write very quickly and carelessly. Chemists have lots of practice in reading doctors' notes but sometimes doctors write so badly that even the chemist cannot read them.

One day a lady wrote to a doctor inviting him to have dinner at her house. The doctor wrote a reply so carelessly that the lady could not read it.

"What shall I do?" she said to her husband. "I don't know if he is going to come or not. I don't want to phone him and say that I can't read his writing."

"Take it to the chemist," he said. "He will be able to read it easily."

She went to the chemist's shop and gave the doctor's note to the chemist. The chemist looked at it very carefully. Then he got the glasses and looked at the note more closely.

"Could you wait a moment, Madam?" he said politely. He went to the back of his shop.

After a few minutes he returned, smiling cheerfully and carrying a large bottle. He gave the bottle to the lady. "Take two pieces before every meal," he said.

61. \_\_\_\_\_ to read doctors' handwriting.

62. Chemists can read doctors' notes, for \_\_\_\_\_.

63. The lady first \_\_\_\_\_ for help.

64. The husband thought the chemist \_\_\_\_\_.

65. The doctor wrote to the lady because \_\_\_\_\_.

**VII. Directions:**

Put each of the following sentences into English or Chinese, using the word given in the bracket if any. Write your answer on the ANSWER SHEET. (15 points)

66. Another thing I had to get used to was living in a culture where the majority of people looked different from me.

67. They know that their lateness will cause anger, and this serves their deep need to be punished.

68. Her beautiful hair reached below her knee and made itself almost a garment for her.

69. 这首歌的歌词不能简单地从字面来理解,那样就会完全把握不住它的真实含义。  
(literally)

70. 对将来可能发生的事情了解得越多越好,以便你能提前做好准备。(in advance)

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英语专业 综合英语(2) 试题答案及评分标准

(供参考)

2005 年 1 月

I. (10%, 每题 1 分)

- |      |      |      |      |       |
|------|------|------|------|-------|
| 1. B | 2. C | 3. D | 4. B | 5. D  |
| 6. A | 7. C | 8. B | 9. D | 10. C |

II. (10%, 每题 1 分)

- |       |       |       |       |       |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| 11. B | 12. D | 13. B | 14. A | 15. C |
| 16. D | 17. C | 18. B | 19. A | 20. C |

III. (10%, 每题 1 分)

- |       |       |       |       |       |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| 21. C | 22. B | 23. A | 24. B | 25. A |
| 26. A | 27. C | 28. C | 29. B | 30. A |

IV. (10%, 每题 1 分)

- |       |       |       |       |       |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| 31. A | 32. B | 33. A | 34. D | 35. C |
| 36. D | 37. A | 38. D | 39. B | 40. C |

V. (20%, 每题 2 分)

- |       |       |       |       |       |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| 41. C | 42. C | 43. B | 44. C | 45. D |
| 46. B | 47. C | 48. A | 49. B | 50. C |

VI. (15%, 每题 1.5 分)

- |       |       |       |       |       |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| 51. N | 52. I | 53. A | 54. K | 55. M |
| 56. B | 57. G | 58. C | 59. L | 60. E |

VII. (10%, 每题 2 分)

(答案并不一定要求与所给答案完全一样, 只要简练清楚、符合短文内容即可。)

61. It is usually not easy

62. they are used to reading them

63. asked her husband

64. would be able to read it

65. he was invited to have dinner at her house

VIII. (15%)

(答案并不一定要求与所给答案完全一样。符合句意, 无语法错误, 得 3 分; 基本符合句意, 无重大语法错误, 得 2 分; 不太符合句意, 有明显语法错误, 得 1 分; 不符合句意, 句子无法读懂, 得 0 分。其他情况, 酌情扣分。)

66. 我需要适应的另一方面是, 生活在一个大多数人都与我明显不同的文化氛围中。

67. 他们深知迟会让人生气, 而这正好满足了他们内心深处受惩罚的需要。

68. 她的秀发长至膝盖以下, 犹如一件漂亮的外衣。

69. The lyrics cannot be taken literally because then the song's message would be completely missed.

70. Learn as much as you can about likely coming events, so that you can anticipate them well in advance.